

# AGS55+ Basic RS485 Modbus

Outdoor temperature sensor

**thermokon**<sup>®</sup>  
HOME OF SENSOR TECHNOLOGY

## Datasheet

Subject to technical alteration  
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### » APPLICATION

Sensor for outdoor temperature measurement: cold rooms, greenhouses, production plants and warehouses. Stainless Steel external probe for faster response.

### » TYPES AVAILABLE

**Outdoor sensor temperature – active BUS**

- AGS55+ RS485 Modbus

### » SECURITY ADVICE – CAUTION

The installation and assembly of electrical equipment should only be performed by authorized personnel.



The product should only be used for the intended application. Unauthorised modifications are prohibited! The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten, directly or indirectly, human health or life or result in danger to human beings, animals or assets. Ensure all power is disconnected before installing. Do not connect to live/operating equipment.

Please comply with

- Local laws, health & safety regulations, technical standards and regulations
- Condition of the device at the time of installation, to ensure safe installation
- This data sheet and installation manual

### » PRODUCT TESTING AND CERTIFICATION



#### Declaration of conformity

The declaration of conformity of the products are available on our website  
<https://www.thermokon.de/direct/en-gb/categories/ags55plus>

### » GENERAL REMARKS CONCERNING SENSORS

Especially with regard to passive sensors in 2-wire conductor versions, the wire resistance of the supply wire has to be considered. If necessary the wire resistance has to be compensated by the follow-up electronics. Due to self-heating, the wire current affects the measurement accuracy, so it should not exceed 1 mA.

When using lengthy connection wires (depending on the cross section used) the measuring result might be falsified due to a voltage drop at the common GND-wire (caused by the voltage current and the line resistance). In this case, 2 GND-wires must be wired to the sensor - one for supply voltage and one for the measuring current.

Sensing devices with a transducer should always be operated in the middle of the measuring range to avoid deviations at the measuring end points. The ambient temperature of the transducer electronics should be kept constant. The transducers must be operated at a constant supply voltage ( $\pm 0,2$  V). When switching the supply voltage on/off, onsite power surges must be avoided.

## » BUILD-UP OF SELF-HEATING BY ELECTRICAL DISSIPATIVE POWER

Sensors with electronic components always have a dissipative power, which affects the temperature measurement of the ambient air. The dissipation in active temperature sensors shows a linear increase with rising operating voltage. This dissipative power has to be considered when measuring temperature. In case of a fixed operating voltage ( $\pm 0,2$  V) this is normally done by adding or reducing a constant offset value.

Thermokon transducers can be operated with variable operating voltages. The transducers are set at the factory with a reference operating voltage of 24 V =.

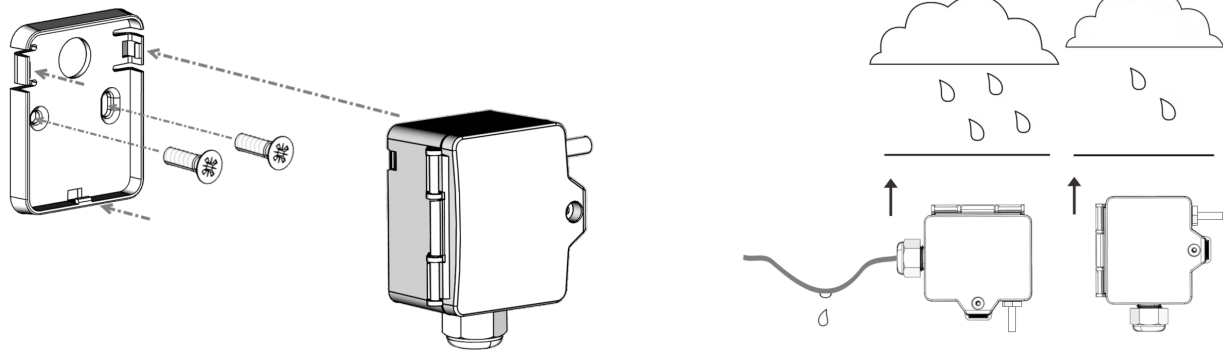
At this voltage, the expected measuring error of the output signal will be the least. Other operating voltages, can cause a measurement deviation changing power loss of the sensor electronics.

A recalibration can be carried out directly on the unit or via a software variable (app or bus).

**Remark: Occurring draught leads to a better carrying-off of dissipative power at the sensor. Thus temporally limited fluctuations might occur upon temperature measurement.**

## » MOUNTING ADVICES

In case of outdoor installation avoid direct rain and sun contact. Probably use sun respectively rain protection. Cable entry from bottom or side. For side cable routing set loop so that precipitation can drain defined. Observe permissible ambient condition.



## » USE ENCLOSURE WITH UV AND WEATHER RESISTANCE

After some time, outdoor mounted plastics can lose their color and quality. Therefore, all USE housings are made of special white polycarbonate (PC). The light-stable colorants and additives are used to achieve optimum protection of the polymer while maintaining color stability. The titanium dioxide used is specially developed for polycarbonate and offers excellent UV protection through the reflection of the entire light spectrum including the UV component by 340 nm. This effectively counteracts the otherwise occurring photochemical polymer degradation. The colors stay full for a long time without fading. The material is also resistant to cold and frost.

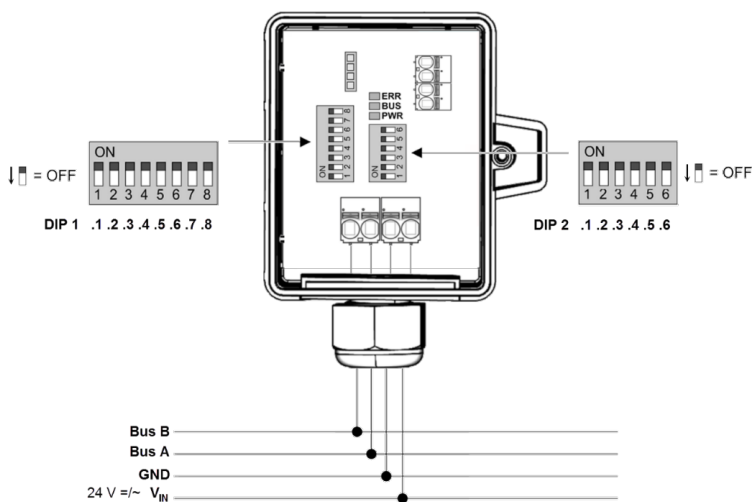
## » NOTES ON DISPOSAL



The crossed-out wheeled bin symbol indicates that the product or removable batteries must not be disposed of with household or commercial waste. Within the EU, you are legally obliged to dispose of the product separately and appropriately in accordance with the national laws of your country. Alternatively, please contact your supplier or Thermokon Sensortechnik GmbH. Further information can be found at: [www.thermokon.com](http://www.thermokon.com)

» **TECHNICAL DATA**

|                       |                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Measuring values      | temperature                                                                                                                                                              |
| Network technology    | RS485 Modbus, RTU or ASCII, half-duplex, baud rate 9.600, 19.200, 38.400 or 57.600, parity: non (2 stopbits), even or odd (1 stopbit), <b>Fail-safe Biasing required</b> |
| Power supply          | 15..24 V = ( $\pm 10\%$ ) (or 24 V ~ ( $\pm 10\%$ ))* SELV                                                                                                               |
| Power consumption     | max. 0,7 W (24 V =)   1,8 VA (24 V ~) SELV                                                                                                                               |
| Operating temp range  | max. permissible operating temperature -35..+70 °C                                                                                                                       |
| Accuracy temperature  | $\pm 0,5$ K (typ. at 25 °C)                                                                                                                                              |
| Enclosure             | enclosure USE-S, PC, pure white, UV resistant                                                                                                                            |
| Protection            | IP65 according to EN 60529, SI-Protection                                                                                                                                |
| Cable entry           | Flextherm M20, for wire $\varnothing=4,5..9$ mm, removable                                                                                                               |
| Connection electrical | removable plug-in terminal, max. 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                     |
| Pocket                | stainless steel V2A, $\varnothing=6$ mm, L=25 mm                                                                                                                         |
| Ambient condition     | max. 85% rH short term condensation                                                                                                                                      |

» **CONNECTION PLAN AND CONFIGURATION****\*Power supply**

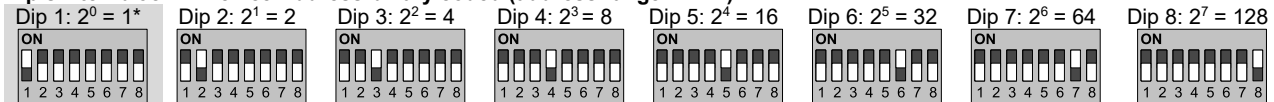
When several BUS devices are supplied by one 24 V AC voltage supply, it is to be ensured that all "positive" operating voltage input terminals (+) of the field devices are connected with each other and all "negative" operating voltage input terminals (-) (=reference potential) are connected together (in-phase connection of field devices).

In case of reversed polarity at one field device, a supply voltage short-circuit would be caused by that device. The consequential short-circuit current flowing through this field may cause damage to it.



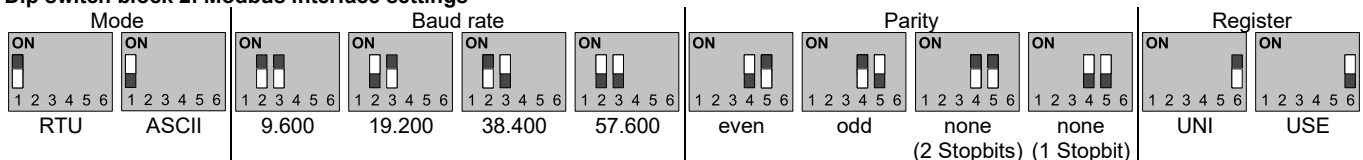
**Pay attention to correct wiring.**

| LED | Description                      |
|-----|----------------------------------|
| ERR | Indicator for error notification |
| BUS | Indicator for RS485 traffic      |
| PWR | Power supply                     |

**Dip switch block 1: Device Address binary coded (address range 1..247)**

\* factory default settings

Example: Value = 3 (1+2) Address = 3 | Value = 247 (1+2+4+16+32+64+128) Address = 247

**Dip switch block 2: Modbus interface settings**

**Factory default**

Device address: 1 | RTU | Baud rate: 9.600 | Parity: even | Register addressing: USE

**Register compatibility to USE (Valid from firmware version 1.4, Jan. 2020)**

Via dipswitch 2.6 it is possible to change between the previous register addressing of the UNI-Modbus board to a USE compatible register assignment. The function of the device does not change.

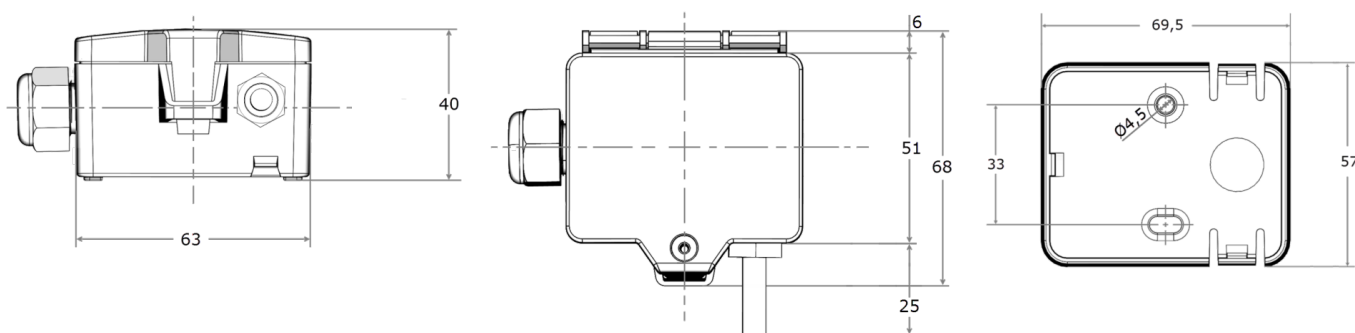
**When using ASCII mode, parity must be set to EVEN or ODD. „No Parity“ (no) is not available in ASCII mode.**

**» RS485 MODBUS REGISTER****Variant 1 (UNI-Modbus) DIP 2.6 = OFF**

| Data address (holding register)         | Read   Read/Write | Description                                | Type          |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------------|
| 0 <sub>dec</sub> 0x0000 <sub>hex</sub>  | R                 | Firmware<br>z.B.: 0x1000 = Version 1.0.0.0 | SIGNED 16 Bit |
| 1 <sub>dec</sub> 0x0001 <sub>hex</sub>  | R/W               | Device Location                            | SIGNED 16 Bit |
| 580 <sub>dec</sub> 0x244 <sub>hex</sub> | R                 | Temperature [1/100] °C                     | SIGNED 16 Bit |
| 581 <sub>dec</sub> 0x245 <sub>hex</sub> | R                 | Temperature [1/100] °F                     | SIGNED 16 Bit |
| 5 <sub>dec</sub> 0x0005 <sub>hex</sub>  | R/W               | Offset temperature [1/100] K               | SIGNED 16 Bit |

**Variant 2 (USE-Modbus) DIP 2.6 = ON**

| Data address (holding register)            | Read   Read/Write | Description                                           | Type          |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| 503 <sub>dec</sub>   0x01F7 <sub>hex</sub> | R                 | Firmware version<br>i.e.: 0x1300 =<br>Version 1.3.0.0 | SIGNED 16 Bit |
| 400 <sub>dec</sub>   0x0190 <sub>hex</sub> | R/W               | Unit system<br>1 = SI<br>2 = Imperial                 | SIGNED 16 Bit |
| 0 <sub>dec</sub>   0x0000 <sub>hex</sub>   | R                 | Temperature [1/10] °C/°F                              | SIGNED 16 Bit |
| 100 <sub>dec</sub>   0x0064 <sub>hex</sub> | R/W               | Offset temperature [1/10] K                           | SIGNED 16 Bit |

**» DIMENSIONS (MM)****» ACCESSORIES (INCLUDED IN DELIVERY)**

Mounting base enclosure USE pure white

Item No. 850799

Mounting kit universal

Item No. 698511

• Cover screw + screw cover • 2 Rawlplugs • 2 Screws (countersunk head) • 2 Screws (rounded head)

**» ACCESSORIES (OPTIONAL)**

RS485 Biasing Adapter

Item No. 811378

USB RS485 Modbus RTU Logger

Item No. 809917

USB Interface RS485 (incl. driver CD)

Item No. 668293

Mounting clip enclosure USE pure white

Item No. 667739

Sun/rain protection RS150

Item No. 103329

Sealing insert M20 USE white, 2x Ø=7 mm (for 2 wire; PU 10 pieces)

Item No. 641333